

## HE G G I E S

REPORT 10-4309-R16
Revision 0

# White Bay Berth 4 Bulk Liquids Handling Golden Denise Ship Noise Monitoring Report 

# White Bay Berth 4 Bulk Liquids Handling Golden Denise 

## Ship Noise Monitoring Report

PREPARED BY:

## Heggies Pty Ltd

ABN 29001584612
2 Lincoln Street Lane Cove NSW 2066 Australia
(PO Box 176 Lane Cove NSW 1595 Australia)
Telephone 61294278100 Facsimile 61294278200
Email sydney@heggies.com Web wnw.heggies.com

DISCLAIMER
Reports produced by Heggies Pty Ltd are prepared for a particular Client's objective and are based on a specific scope, conditions and limitations, as agreed between Heggies and the Client. Information and/or report(s) prepared by Heggies may not be suitable for uses other than the original intended objective. No parties other than the Client should use any information and/or report(s) without first conferring with Heggies.

The information and/or report(s) prepared by Heggies should not be reproduced, presented or reviewed except in full. Before passing on to a third party any information and/or report(s) prepared by Heggies, the Client is to fully inform the third party of the objective and scope and any limitations and conditions, including any other relevant information which applies to the material prepared by Heggies. It is the responsibility of any third party to confirm whether information and/or report(s) prepared for others by Heggies are suitable for their specific objectives.


Heggies Pty Ltd is a Member Firm of the
Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants


Heggies Pty Ltd operates under a Quality System which has been certified by Quality Assurance Services Pty Limited to comply with all the requirements of ISO 9001:2000 "Quality Systems - Model for Quality Assurance in Design, Development, Production, Installation and Servicing" (Licence No 3236).
This document has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of that System.

DOCUMENT CONTROL

| Reference | Status | Date | Prepared | Checked | Authorised |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10-4309-R16 | Revision 0 | 4 June 2007 | Scott McKeon | John Sleeman | John Sleeman |

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Heggies Pty Ltd (Heggies) has been commissioned by Sydney Ports Corporation (SPC) to conduct monitoring of noise emissions during the loading of the Golden Denise (a bulk liquids vessel) at White Bay Berth 4 (WB-4), as required by Clause M7.1(1a) of the EPA's Environment Protection Licence (Licence No 12095).

Noise measurements were carried out at nearby residential receivers during Golden Denise vessel cargo handling operations in the early morning of 15 May 2007.

The measured noise levels were found to be potentially influenced by local traffic and domestic activity as well as from noise from vehicle movements at the port on occasion. A reference noise measurement was therefore carried out in close proximity to the Golden Denise vessel, where the noise environment was dominated by the WB-4 based bulk liquids cargo handling noise sources. The reference noise level was then used to predict noise levels at the representative receivers, for comparison with the attended measurements.

Predicted ship based LAeq(15minute) noise levels meet the Licence imposed noise goals at the representative location in Pyrmont. At Balmain, the measured noise levels comply with the LAeq(15minute) noise goal, and the LAeq(night) noise goal is exceeded by 6 dBA

Bulk liquids terminal related maximum (LAmax) noise levels were observed to comply at both representative monitoring locations in Pyrmont/Glebe and Balmain, for the duration of attended measurements.

Subject to feasibility, practicality and reasonability, the potential noise control measures that may be considered in order to meet the Licence imposed noise goals (as required by Condition R4.1) and ensure noise amenity remains unchanged in the area would be implementation of an on-site noise management strategy. Noise impact mitigation measures have been evaluated in the Revised Noise Impact Mitigation and Management Strategy (Report10-4309-R10 Revision 1), with a list of mitigation measures considered feasible and reasonable identified in the Noise Impact Mitigation Action Plan.

TABLE OF CONTENTS
1 INTRODUCTION ..... 52 SITE DESCRIPTION
2.1 Measurement Locations ..... 6
3 EPA LICENCE NOISE GOALS ..... 9
4 MEASUREMENT METHODOLOGY AND INSTRUMENTATION ..... 10
5 RESULTS AND ANALYSIS ..... 12
6 DISCUSSION ..... 15
7 CONCLUSION ..... 16
Table 1 Representative Receiver Locations ..... 7
Table 2 EPA License Noise Goals (Reproduced from Table U1) ..... 9
Table 3 Noise Survey Instrumentation ..... 11
Table 4 Measured Noise Levels - Loading Activity ..... 12
Table 5 Summary of Attended LAmax Noise Levels at 13 Donnelly Street, Balmain ..... 12
Table 6 Golden Denise "Reference" Noise Level ..... 13
Table 7 Assessment of Measured/Predicted Noise Levels Against LAeq(15minute) Noise Goals ..... 13
Table 8 Assessment of Measured/Predicted Noise Levels Against LAeq(night) Noise Goals ..... 13
Table 9 Assessment of (WB-4 Related) Measured Noise Levels Against LAmax Noise Goals ..... 14

Figure 1 White Bay / Glebe Island Layout with Attended Noise Monitoring Locations

Appendix A Summary of Acoustic Terminology Used in the Report
Appendix B Description of the Balmain / Rozelle Monitoring Location at 13 Donnelly Street, Balmain Appendix C Description of the Pyrmont / Glebe Monitoring Location at 2 Point Street, Pyrmont

## 1 INTRODUCTION

Heggies Pty Ltd (Heggies) has been commissioned by Sydney Ports Corporation (SPC) to conduct monitoring of noise emissions during the loading of the "Golden Denise" (a bulk liquids vessel) at White Bay Berth 4 (WB-4), as required by Clause M7.1(1a) of the EPA's Environment Protection Licence (Licence No 12095).

Noise measurements have been conducted during cargo handling operations (ship auxillary power unit (APU), ventilation fans, pumps and truck activity on the wharf) at two locations considered representative of the potentially most exposed residential receivers. The locations are at Balmain to the west and Pyrmont to the east of WB-4. Measurements at both representative locations have been conducted during the loading of bulk liquids from road tanker trucks to the ship via pumps on the wharf. The measurements were conducted between 1.00 am and 4.00 am on 15 May 2007, with the weather conditions varying from calm to a slight North Easterly wind. During the measurement period the sky was cloudy.

For the survey period from 1.00 am to 4.00 am the measurements of the ambient noise environment were on occasion influenced by domestic activity and local traffic noise as well as from vehicle movements at the port at both Pyrmont and Balmain during this period.

An additional "reference" noise measurement was carried out in close proximity to the Golden Denise vessel, where the noise environment was dominated by the WB-4 based bulk liquids cargo handling noise sources. The reference noise level was then used to predict noise levels at the representative receivers for comparison with the attended measurements.

The predicted noise levels correlated well with the measured levels, and were assessed against the noise goals set out in Table U1 of the Environment Protection Licence. Feasible and reasonable noise mitigation measures are discussed in broad terms, with the aim of minimising the noise impacts from the operations, where the noise goals are exceeded.

## 2 SITE DESCRIPTION

The White Bay Port facility is located at the southern end of the Balmain peninsula. The facility occupies approximately 40 hectares of waterfront land and forms a crescent around White Bay, with a water frontage of about $2,100 \mathrm{~m}$ in length.

The facility layout comprises the following main elements:

- Five multiple-use berths spread along the northern side of White Bay;
- Storage warehouse situated to the northeast of White Bay, Berth 4 (WB-4); and
- Internal road continuing from Robert Street providing truck access to storage areas of Docks 1 to 6.

The Glebe Island facility which includes two multiple-use berths and two car terminal berths is located adjacent to the White Bay Port on a neighbouring peninsula south of White Bay.

Berth 4 is located approximately in the middle of the northern side of White Bay, as shown in Figure 1. To the north and northwest of the site is a mixture of residential dwellings consisting of 1 and 2 storey detached houses and terraces. A number of recently constructed 4 and 5 storey residential developments are situated directly west of Berth 4 and incorporate acoustic façade treatments to achieve satisfactory internal noise levels. In addition, buildings in direct view were designed to provide significant acoustical shielding to the rest of the development. The storage warehouse (on port land) to the northeast of WB-4 is about 20 m at the highest point and provides significant acoustic shielding to the residential properties directly behind. To the southeast of the site is Glebe Island, another working port area with four berths, two of which are currently used as car terminals and two as multiple-use berths. To the southeast of WB-4, about 550 m across the water, is the Pyrmont Peninsula, with a number of high-rise residential apartments near the waterfront.

### 2.1 Measurement Locations

The Noise Impact Assessment (NIA) Study (Report Number 10-4309-R1 prepared by Heggies) for the proposed bulk liquid terminal operation has previously identified 5 Waite Street and 36 Refinery Drive as the most affected receiver locations within the Balmain/Rozelle and Pyrmont / Glebe areas respectively.

For the current study, in the Balmain / Rozelle area, monitoring was carried out only at 13 Donnelly Street (also assessed in the noise impact assessment) due to the availability of day/night access to the property boundary. Note that noise measurements at 13 Donnelly Street can be carried out off street, whereas at 5 Waite Street noise measurements require backyard access. Furthermore, the location at 13 Donnelly Street is in close proximity of 5 Waite Street. It is approximately the same distance away and is also directly exposed to loading operations at WB-4. It is therefore considered to be of similar acoustical environment to that of 5 Waite Street, Balmain.

The monitoring location at 36 Refinery Drive, identified by the NIA as the most affected receiver in the Pyrmont / Glebe area, was found to be exposed to high levels of traffic related noise from the Anzac Bridge. Giba Park (a publicly accessible park situated at the top of the 4 level apartment complex at 2 Point Street) was therefore selected as the representative measurement location for the Pyrmont / Glebe area, as it allowed ship noise measurements to be taken in the relative absence of traffic noise. Giba Park is considered to be equivalent to level 5, 2 Point Street.

Table 1 summarises the receiver locations where measurements were conducted in each area and gives a brief description of each location. A more detailed description and photos of the selected monitoring locations are presented in Appendix B and Appendix C.

Table 1 Representative Receiver Locations

| Location | Representative Receiver <br> Location | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balmain and Rozelle | 13 Donnelly Street, <br> Balmain | Ground level at the front of residence, about 7 m <br> away from the facade |
| Pyrmont and Glebe | 2 Point Street, Pyrmont | At Giba Park, on top of a 4 storey building at <br> 2 Point Street (ie height equivalent of a 5 storey <br> building) |
| Reference | White Bay Berth 4 Deck | On deck of White Bay Berth 4, and approximately <br> Measurement |
| 40 from the ship rear engine room/exhaust <br> stack area, the main source of noise from the <br> Golden Denise vessel |  |  |

Figure 1 White Bay / Glebe Island Layout with Attended Noise Monitoring Locations


## 3 EPA LICENCE NOISE GOALS

For the purpose of the bulk liquid cargo handling operations at White Bay Berth 4 (WB-4), the Environment Protection Licence granted by the EPA sets out the project noise goals at the neighbouring residential communities. The noise goals are set out in Table U1 of the Licence conditions and reproduced in Table 2.

Table 2 EPA License Noise Goals (Reproduced from Table U1)

| Location | Night |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | LAeq(15minute) | LAeq(Night)) | LAmax |
| Balmain and Rozelle | 49 dBA | 41 dBA | 59 dBA |
| Pyrmont and Glebe | 41 dBA | Not Applicable | 51 dBA |

Explanatory notes:

1. LAmax means maximum A-weighted sound pressure level measured on fast time weighting during the time over which sound is measured.
2. All other acoustic terms including 'night' have the same meaning as in the INP.
3. Not Applicable: In instances where the amenity criteria LAeq(Night) has been determined to be a higher number than the intrusive criteria LAeq( 15 minute) that the amenity criteria is less stringent than the intrusive criteria, then the amenity criteria becomes 'not applicable'. This is because compliance with the criteria will ensure compliance with the intrusive criteria will ensure compliance with the amenity criteria.

## MEASUREMENT METHODOLOGY AND INSTRUMENTATION

The licence calls for LAeq (A-weighted equivalent continuous) sound pressure level measurements to be carried out at locations representative of those potentially most affected (ie, waterfront) locations during periods of inactivity (eg, ship Auxiliary Power Units (APUs) operating) and during loading operations (eg, ship pumps and truck activity on the wharf in addition to APUs), in accordance with Clause M7.1 (2).

A window of opportunity to measure ship noise levels during periods of loading inactivity exists immediately after the ship berths, while the loading equipment is being set up (hoses unrolled and connected to the ship's manifold etc). The equipment setup phase usually lasts less than 2 hours, after which the loading is continuous, with at least two road tankers filling the ship at any one time. Ship noise measurements during periods of activity can be measured at any time after loading commences.

The previous ship noise monitoring report prepared by Heggies (Report Number 10-4309-R2 Revision 1) concluded that measurements are best carried out at night (preferably after 1.00 am ). Extraneous noise (not related to the subject activity) is generally at a minimum at this time and measurement results are consequently likely to be much more meaningful.

The bulk liquids ship Golden Denise berthed at approximately 9.00 am on Monday 14 May 2007. Measurements were conducted between 1.00 am and 4.00 am on 15 April following the arrival of the vessel.

Attended noise level measurements were carried out at 1.5 m above ground level at 13 Donnelly Street and 1.5 m above ground level at Giba Park, located on top of the residential apartment complex at 2 Point Street, Pyrmont.

As a result of noise from local traffic and domestic activity, as well as noise from vehicle movements at the port, direct measurements of the bulk liquids loading related noise at the representative receivers was potentially influenced by noise from external sources.

A "reference" measurement was conducted in close proximity to the Golden Denise, where the noise environment was dominated by bulk liquids loading related noise. The "reference" measurement was then used as a basis for the estimation of WB-4 activity related noise at the receivers of interest.

An equivalent ship sound power level was therefore calculated based on the "reference" measurement and noise contributions related to the bulk liquids cargo handling were estimated at each noise sensitive location. The predicted noise levels were compared with measurements of WB-4 activity related noise at the receivers of interest.

All items of acoustic instrumentation employed during the noise monitoring surveys were designed to comply with the requirements of AS IEC 61672.1 2004: "Electroacoustics-Sound level meters-Specifications" and carried appropriate and current NATA (or manufacturer) calibration certificates. Calibration was checked prior to and subsequent to the survey. Any drift in calibration was within 0.5 dBA and considered acceptable.

The survey instrumentation used during the studies is set out in Table 3.

Table 3 Noise Survey Instrumentation

| Type | Serial Number | Instrument Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2260 | 2414605 | Brüel \& Kjær Modular Precision Sound Level Meter |
| 4189 | 2378026 | Brüel \& Kjær 12.5 mm Prepolarised Condenser Microphone |
| 4231 | 2022772 | Brüel \& Kjær Calibrator |

Environmental noise measurements were carried out with reference to the guidelines contained within the NSW Industrial Noise Policy 2000 (INP). In circumstances where it was not practical to carry out measurements at the potentially most affected receiver locations as predicted by the Noise Impact Assessment, locations of similar noise characteristics were chosen, as described in Section 2.1.

Given the relatively constant nature of noise related to the bulk liquids cargo handling operations, short-term measurements (of 15 minute duration) were considered to be sufficient to provide an estimate of the LAeq(night) noise levels at the selected residential receivers. A brief description of acoustic terminology used in this report is presented in Appendix A.

Attended measurements during periods of loading activity were carried out during the early morning of 15 May 2007, commencing at approximately 1.00 am, as extraneous ambient noise unrelated to port activities is generally at a minimum at this time.

Two separate 15 minute measurements were carried out at the representative Balmain location during cargo handling operations at WB-4, at 1.34 am and 3.31 am . At this location, during both surveys, noise from vehicle movements at the port was influencing the ambient noise environment.

Two 15 minute noise measurements were also carried out at the representative receiver at the Pyrmont site, at 1.00 am and at 2.06 am . At this location, both measurements were on occasion influenced by local traffic noise and domestic activity.

## 5 RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

The results of the 15 minute duration attended noise measurements are summarised in Table 4. Discussion of the results is presented in Section 6 of this report. It should be noted that the measured noise levels presented below include noise from the bulk liquids cargo handling facility at WB-4 as well as ambient noise unrelated to the facility.

Table 4 Measured Noise Levels - Loading Activity

| Address | Start Time | LAeq <br> (15min) | LA90 <br> (15min) | WB-4 Related <br> LAmax Range | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13 Donnelly Street | 1.34 am | 47 dBA | 46 dBA | 47 dBA to 56 dBA | WB-4 noise dominates LAeq |
| (Balmain / Rozelle) | 3.31 am | 47 dBA | 45 dBA | 47 dBA to 58 dBA | WB-4 noise dominates LAeq |
| Level 5, 2 Point Street 1.00 am | 44 dBA | 41 dBA | 43 dBA to 48 dBA | WB-4 influences LAeq ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| (Pyrmont / Glebe) | 2.06 am | 43 dBA | 41 dBA | 44 dBA to 48 dBA | WB-4 influences LAeq ${ }^{1}$ |

Notes 1: During the two measurements at Point Street the LAeq was affected by local traffic and domestic activity.
During the two measurements at Point Street, the ambient noise resulted from distant city noise, local traffic and Anzac Bridge traffic, with seagulls also influencing the LAeq level. During both measurements associated WB-4 ship noise was just audible. An LAeq noise level of 44 dBA was recorded for the 1.00 am survey and 43 dBA for the 2.06 am survey.

During the first and second measurements at 13 Donnelly Street (at approximately 1.34 am and 3.31 am ) noise from the ship APU as well as the wharf pumps and a compressor used to clear lines, were the dominant noise sources, and found to be constant in nature. An LAeq noise level of 47 dBA was recorded for both surveys.

Noise from trucks was observed to be the main contributor to the maximum (LAmax) noise level events. A summary of the LAmax events at the Balmain site are presented in Table 5, and at Pyrmont in Table 6.

Table 5 Summary of Attended LAmax Noise Levels at 13 Donnelly Street, Balmain

| LAmax Source | LAmax Range | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Truck air brakes | 50 dBA to 58 dBA | Truck air brake noise could be heard from trucks at <br> arrival to the site. The events last for approximately <br> 1 second. |
| Trucks arriving and <br> leaving the site | 47 dBA to 54 dBA | Truck engine noise. |
| Clunk | 48 dBA to 56 dBA | Metal clunk noise could be heard from the site when <br> tank hatches were opened. |

Table 6 Summary of Attended LAmax Noise Levels at 2 Point St Street, Pyrmont

| LAmax Source | LAmax Range | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Trucks arriving and <br> leaving the site | 43 dBA to 48 dBA | Truck noise was heard from trucks operating on WB 4. |

In order to confirm the contribution to the ambient by bulk liquids related noise, noise levels were predicted based on the reference measurement taken in close proximity of the Golden Denise, where the noise environment was dominated by bulk liquids loading related noise.

Table 7 presents the "reference" noise measurements carried out 40 m away from the bulk liquids vessel Golden Denise, and also 5 m from the pumping units located on the wharf, where the noise environment was dominated by bulk liquids cargo handling related noise. The first measurement was taken 44 m from the rear of the ship in the direction towards 13 Donnelly Street, Balmain, where ship noise dominated the ambient. The second and third "reference" noise measurements are from the pump units that were on the wharf. The second is from a silenced pump and the third from a compressor. In typical bulk liquids handling two silenced pumps are used, however in the ultimate configuration up to two silenced and two unsilenced pumps may be in operation.

Table 7 Golden Denise "Reference" Noise Level

| Reference | Location | Distance from Source | Height of Source | Start Time | LAeq |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | WB-4 | 44 m | 15 m | $02: 48 \mathrm{am}$ | 60 dBA |
| 2 | WB-4 | 5 m | 1.5 m | 03.10 am | 70 dBA |
| 3 | WB-4 | 5 m | 1.5 m | 03.20 am | 80 dBA |

Calculations performed with the reference measurements (assuming 2 silenced pumps operational and shielded by tankers) taken in close proximity of the Golden Denise vessel indicate bulk liquids loading related LAeq noise levels at the representative receivers at 13 Donnelly Street and 2 Point Street of 46 dBA and 35 dBA respectively. The predicted levels at 13 Donnelly Street, Balmain agree with the measurements, with a predicted LAeq level of 46 dBA , and measured level of 47 dBA . At 2 Point Street, Pyrmont, the predicted levels are below the measured background or (LA90) of 41 dBA, which is consistent with the ship noise "just" audible.

A comparison of the predicted noise levels with the noise goals listed in the Licence Conditions are presented in Table 8, Table 9 and Table 10.

Table 8 Assessment of Measured/Predicted Noise Levels Against LAeq(15minute) Noise Goals

| Prediction Location | Measured / <br> Predicted LAeq <br> Noise Levels | LAeq(15 minute) <br> Noise Goals | LAeq (15 minute) Exceedance of <br> Licence Goals |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13 Donnelly Street <br> $\left(\right.$ Balmain / Rozelle) ${ }^{1}$ | $47 / 46 \mathrm{dBA}$ | 49 dBA | No exceedance |
| Level 5, 2 Point Street <br> $(\text { Pyrmont / Glebe) })^{2}$ | $44 / 35 \mathrm{dBA}$ | 41 dBA | No exceedance |

Note 1: The measured noise level also includes contributions from extraneous noise.
Note 2: At 2 Point Street, the predicted level is considered more representative of WB-4 noise, given the significant contribution to the ambient by other sources at this location, and that WB-4 noise was "just audible" This level meets the 41 dBA licence condition.

Table 9 Assessment of Measured/Predicted Noise Levels Against LAeq(night) Noise Goals

| Prediction Location | Measured / Predicted <br> LAeq Noise Levels | LAeq(night) Noise <br> Goals | LAeq Exceedance of <br> Licence Goals |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13 Donnelly Street <br> Balmain / Rozelle) ${ }^{1}$ | $47 / 46 \mathrm{dBA}$ | 41 dBA | Up to 6 dBA <br> Exceedance |
| Level 5, 2 Point Street <br> $\left(\right.$ Pyrmont / Glebe) ${ }^{2}$ | $44 / 35 \mathrm{dBA}$ | N/A | N/A |

Note 1: The measured noise level also includes contributions from extraneous noise.
Note 2: At 2 Point Street, the predicted level is considered more representative of WB-4 noise, given the significant contribution to the ambient by other sources at this location, and that WB-4 noise was "barely audible".

Table 10 Assessment of (WB-4 Related) Measured Noise Levels Against LAmax Noise Goals

| Measurement Location | Range of Maximum <br> Measured Levels <br> (LAmax Range) | LAmax <br> Noise Goals | Range of Recorded <br> LAmax Exceedances <br> of the Licence Noise <br> Goals |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13 Donnelly Street <br> (Balmain / Rozelle) | 47 dBA to 58 dBA | 59 dBA | No exceedance |
| Level 5, 2 Point Street <br> (Pyrmont / Glebe) | 43 dBA to 48 dBA | 51 dBA | No exceedance |

## 6 <br> DISCUSSION

Predicted ship based LAeq(15minute) noise levels meet the Licence imposed noise goals at the representative location in Pyrmont. At Balmain, the measured noise levels comply with the LAeq(15minute) noise goal, and the LAeq(night) noise goal is exceeded by 6 dBA .

A comparison of the predicted noise levels based on Golden Denise measurements with those predicted by the NIA model (based on Botany Treasure) indicates that the Golden Denise is a quieter vessel when compared with the Botany Treasure. This observation is supported by noise monitoring results of previously monitored bulk liquids ships to date.

Bulk liquids terminal related maximum (LAmax) noise levels were observed to comply at both representative monitoring locations in Pyrmont/Glebe and Balmain, for the duration of attended measurements.

In order to fulfil the requirement of Licence Condition R4.1, and in relation to compliance with Licence Conditions O4.1 and O4.2, the potential in-concept noise control measures are discussed below for the sources identified during the attended monitoring.

A Revised Noise Impact Mitigation and Management Strategy (Report No 10-4309-R10 Revision1) has been prepared for the operation. Taking into consideration the infrequency and limited duration of the operation, expected costs, development times, uncertainty of effective outcome, and the impact on flexibility in relation to ships that may be used in the operation, the implementation of ship specific engineering noise control measures is not considered practical nor reasonable within the Revised Noise Impact Mitigation and Management Strategy. Instead, the document recommends an on-site mitigation management strategy be implemented based on operator awareness and procedures to identify and repair abnormally noisy equipment, as outlined within the Noise Impact Mitigation Action Plan.

## CONCLUSION

Noise measurements were carried out during the Golden Denise cargo handling operations in the early morning of 15 May 2007. The measured noise levels were found to be potentially influenced by local traffic and domestic activity. A reference noise measurement was therefore carried out in close proximity to the Golden Denise vessel, where the noise environment was dominated by the WB-4 based bulk liquids cargo handling noise sources. The reference noise level was then used to predict noise levels at the representative receivers, for comparison with the attended measurements.

Predicted ship based LAeq(15minute) noise levels meet the Licence imposed noise goals at the representative location in Pyrmont. At Balmain, the measured noise levels comply with the LAeq(15minute) noise goal, and the LAeq(night) noise goal is exceeded by 6 dBA .

Bulk liquids terminal related maximum (LAmax) noise levels were observed to comply at both representative monitoring locations in Pyrmont/Glebe and Balmain, for the duration of attended measurements.

Potential noise control measures that may be considered to meet the Licence imposed noise goals (as required by Condition R4.1) subject to feasibility, practicality and reasonability, include a combination of applying engineering noise control measures to trucks and an on-site noise management strategy. Noise impact mitigation measures have been evaluated in the Revised Noise Impact Mitigation and Management Strategy (Report 10-4309-R10 Revision 1), with a list of mitigation measures considered feasible and reasonable identified in the Noise Impact Mitigation Action Plan.

## ACOUSTIC TERMINOLOGY USED IN THE REPORT

## Typical Noise Indices

This Report makes repeated reference to certain noise level descriptors, in particular the LA10, LA90 and LAeq and LAmax noise levels.

- The LA10 is the A-weighted sound pressure level exceeded $10 \%$ of a given measurement period and is utilised normally to characterise typical maximum noise levels.
- The LAeq is essentially the average sound level. It is defined as the steady sound level that contains the same amount of acoustical energy as a given time-varying sound over the same measurement period. The LAeq(15hour) is the measurement parameter used to describe the road traffic noise level over the entire daytime ( 7.00 am to 10.00 pm ) period. The LAeq(9hour) is the measurement parameter used to describe the road traffic noise level over the entire night-time ( 10.00 pm to 7.00 am ) period. Similarly, the LAeq(1hour) is the measurement parameter used to describe the road traffic noise level during the loudest 1-hour period during the daytime or night-time periods.
- The La90 noise level is the A-weighted sound pressure level exceeded $90 \%$ of a given measurement period and is representative of the average minimum background sound level (in the absence of the source under consideration), or simply the "background" level.
- The LAmax noise level is the maximum A-weighted noise level associated with road traffic movements.

Graphical Display of Typical Noise Indices


## Typical Noise Levels

The following table presents examples of typical noise levels.
Typical Noise Levels

| Sound Pressure Level (dBA) | Typical Source | Subjective Evaluation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 130 | Threshold of pain | Intolerable |
| 120 | Heavy rock concert | Extremely noisy |
| 110 | Grinding on steel |  |
| 100 | Loud car horn at 3 m <br> Construction site with <br> pneumatic hammering | Very noisy |
| 90 | Kerb side of busy street <br> Loud radio or television | Loud |
| 80 | Department store | Moderate to |
| 70 | General Office | Quiet |
| 60 | Inside private office | Quiet to |
| 50 | Inside bedroom | Very quiet |
| 40 | Unoccupied recording studio | Almost silent |
| 30 |  |  |
| 20 |  |  |

## A-Weighting or dBA Noise Levels

The overall level of a sound is usually expressed in terms of dBA, which is measured using the "Aweighting" filter incorporated in sound level meters. These filters have a frequency response corresponding approximately to that of human hearing. People's hearing is most sensitive to sounds at mid frequencies ( 500 Hz to 4000 Hz ), and less sensitive at lower and higher frequencies. Thus, the level of a sound in dBA is a good measure of the "loudness" of that sound. Different sources having the same dBA level generally sound about equally as loud, although the perceived loudness can also be affected by the character of the sound (eg the loudness of human speech and a distant motorbike may be perceived differently, although they are of the same dBA level).

## Sensitivity of People to Noise Level Changes

A change of up to 3 dBA in the level of a sound is difficult for most people to detect, whilst a 3 dBA to 5 dBA change corresponds to a small but noticeable change in loudness. A 10 dBA change corresponds to an approximate doubling or halving in loudness

## Appendix $B$ <br> Report 10-4309-R16

Page 1 of 1
13 DONNELLY STREET, BALMAIN

## 13 DONNELLY STREET, BALMAIN

The location is situated approximately 170 m away from and directly overlooking White Bay Berth 4 (across the park). It is elevated some 15 m above dock level. The measurement was conducted from street level (from a footpath) with Donnelly Street traffic less than 2 m away.


Aerial Photo showing the monitoring location at 13 Donnelly Street, relative to White Bay Berth 4 (WB-4)


View from WB-4 deck towards 13 Donnelly Street


View from 13 Donnelly St towards the bulk liquids ship, berthed at WB-4

## 2 POINT STREET, PYRMONT

This monitoring location is situated approximately 660 m away from White Bay Berth 4 (across the bay). Monitoring was conducted at a height equivalent of a 5 storey building, on the cliffs edge. Pirrama Road encircles the park from west, north and east sides, approximately 15 m below.


Aerial Photo showing the monitoring location at 2 Point Street, relative to White Bay Berth 4 (WB-4).


View from WB-4 deck towards 2 Point Street


View from 2 Point Street towards the bulk liquids ship berthed at WB-4

